Pathological vs RMW Waste

Pathological waste: Any recognizable human or animal body part, organ or tissue.

RMW Medical waste: An item that is soaked or saturated (dripping) or dried and able to flake with blood or bodily fluids or other potentially infectious material.



Items that are defined as Pathological Waste



Anatomical Organs



Human or Animal Tissue / Biopsy Material



Human or Animal Body Parts or Carcasses used for Research



Surgical specimens

Items that may be Medical Waste



Suction Canisters and Sealed Disposable Sharps Containers



Dressings, Bandages, Swabs and Gauze



Gloves, Surgical Masks and Disposable PPE



IV Bags and Tubing

PATHOLOGICAL WASTE CONTAINMENT



PATHOLOGICAL | Pathological (or anatomical) waste is a classification of medical waste that could contain the presence of a pathogenic agent: any type of microorganism which could cause disease. While also contained in a red container, Pathological waste must be separated from regulated medical waste and labelled appropriately.

MEDICAL WASTE CONTAINMENT



RMW | Medical waste is defined as red bag or infectious waste containing blood or bodily fluids to a saturation level that is pourable, drippable, squeezable, or flakeable. If the items listed to the right of this poster are not contaminated by fluids to such a level or deemed infectious, they are not classified as RMW waste and should be disposed of in normal trash.

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